

Today's moderator



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No Wrong Door for Opioid Safety: 4 Part Webinar Series

Building Partnerships (10/8/2019)

“What are the elements of successful partnerships that we can apply to strengthen our response?”

Local Data for Local Action (today)

“How is locally available data being used for measurable results to save lives?”

Communicating for Impact (12/5/2019)

“What are the most effective messages and means of communication to mobilize local opioid crisis response?”

Sustaining Our Response (1/15/2020)

“How can we ensure that our most effective strategies are secure for as long as they are needed?”



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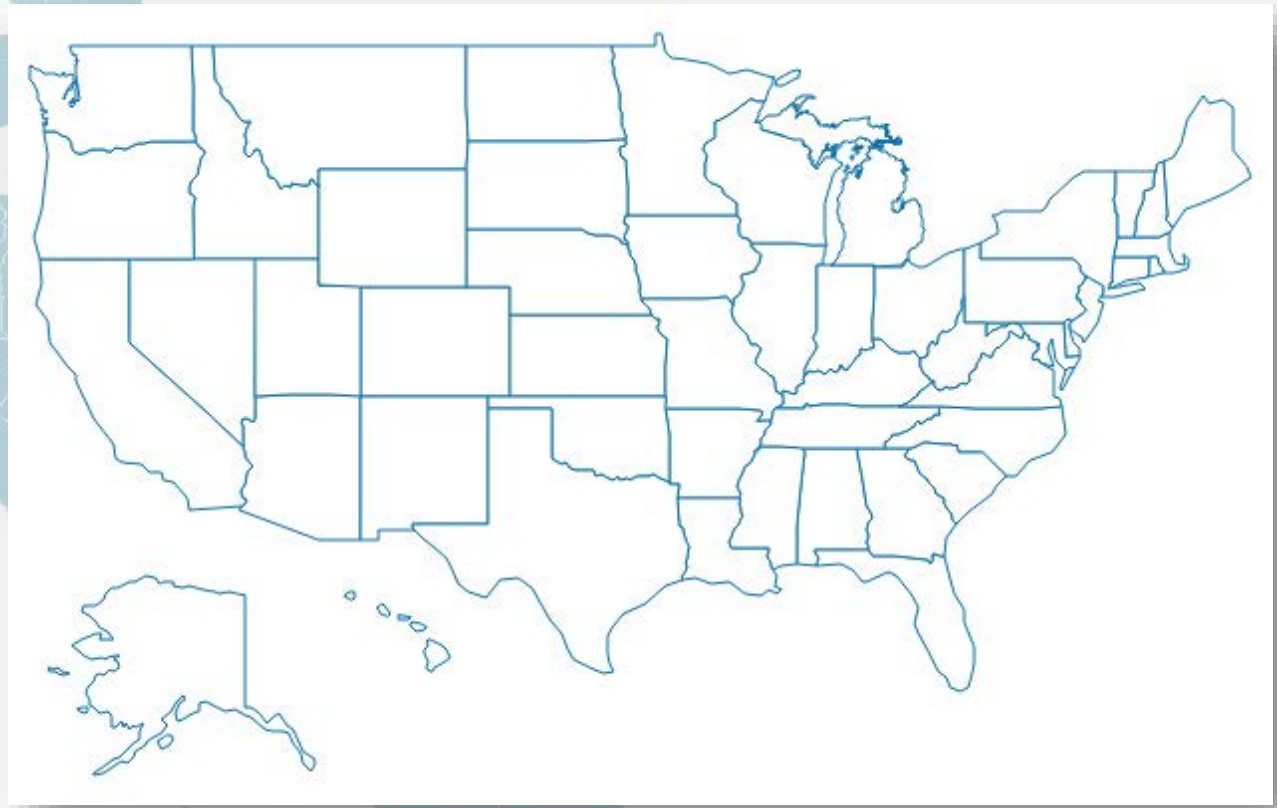
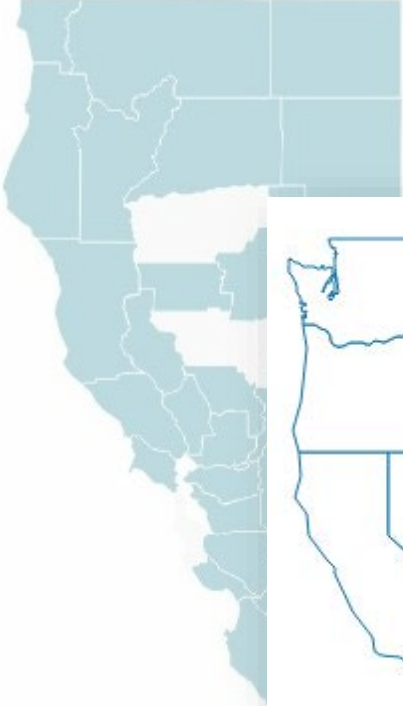
COSN is a network of coalitions and organizations working at the forefront of the epidemic.

We provide access to knowledge, training and resources to implement proven strategies that save lives.

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“Data”

Definition:

Information, especially facts or numbers, collected to be examined and considered and used to help decision-making.

(Cambridge Dictionary)

Today:

Using local opioid overdose data to guide timely local response, to limit overdose deaths.

A rise in opioid overdoses is detected. What now?



Naloxone is a drug that can reverse the effects of opioid overdose and can be life-saving if administered in time.



Medication-assisted treatment (MAT) for opioid use disorder (OUD) can aid in preventing repeat overdoses. MAT combines the use of medication (methadone, buprenorphine, or naltrexone) with counseling and behavioral therapies.

CDC: Partnerships across sectors are necessary for effective response.

Remember... It begins with data.



Poll Question #2

What sector do you represent?

- A. Healthcare provider or administrator
- B. Public Health agency (local, state or federal)
- C. Law Enforcement/Criminal Justice
- D. Non profit organization
- E. Academic/research
- F. Other

Think about...

- Would using our data in this way add to our overdose prevention efforts?
- What are the analogous data sources in our setting?
- What elements of these systems could we start to build now?
- What resources can help us begin?

Using Emergency Medical Services (911) Data for Post-overdose Outreach: Marin County



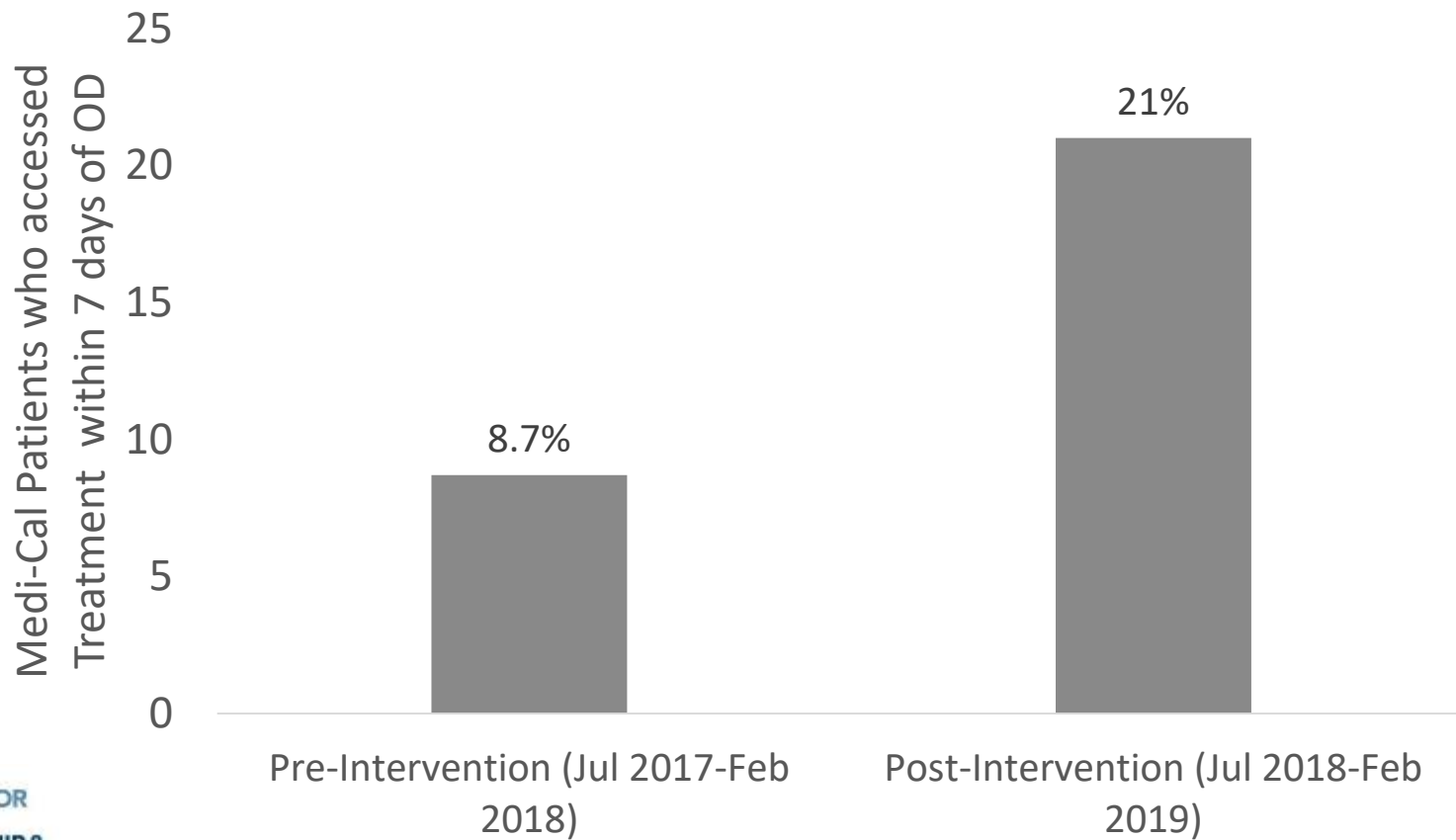
Marin County
Preventing the Next Opioid Overdose



Post Overdose Outreach Process:

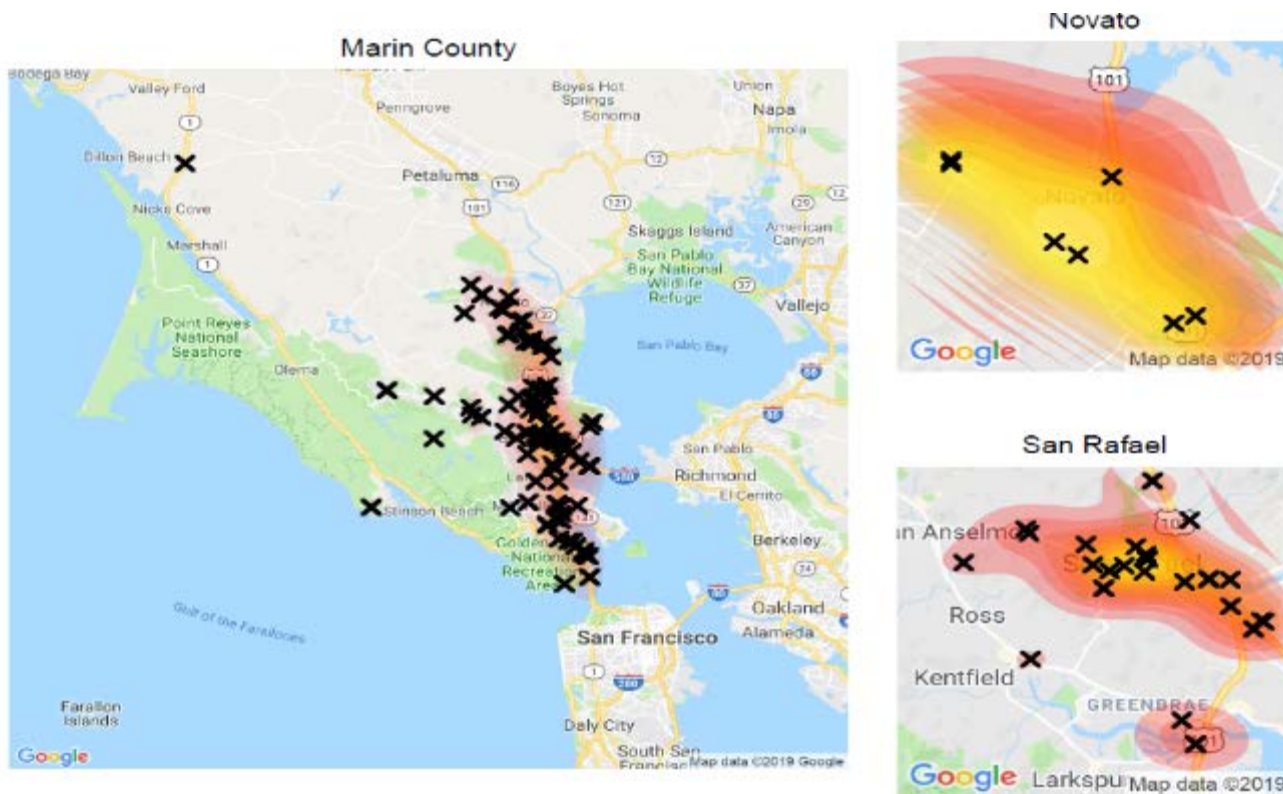
- Emergency Medical Services (911) opioid OD responses
- Contact information provided to Behavioral Health
- Outreach within one week to offer:
 - Counseling
 - Medication assisted treatment
 - Naloxone
 - Option for follow up contact

Preliminary Results: Connection to Treatment Provider



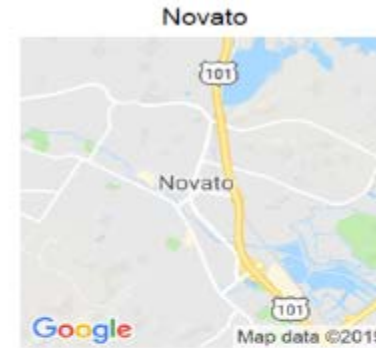
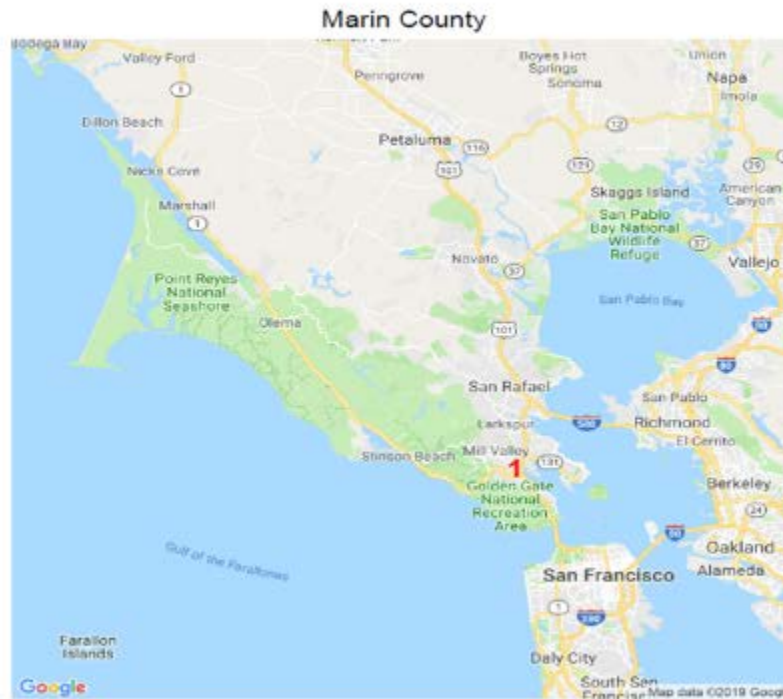
911 Data for Overdose Surveillance: Marin County Example

Suspected Opioid Overdoses: June 2018 to present

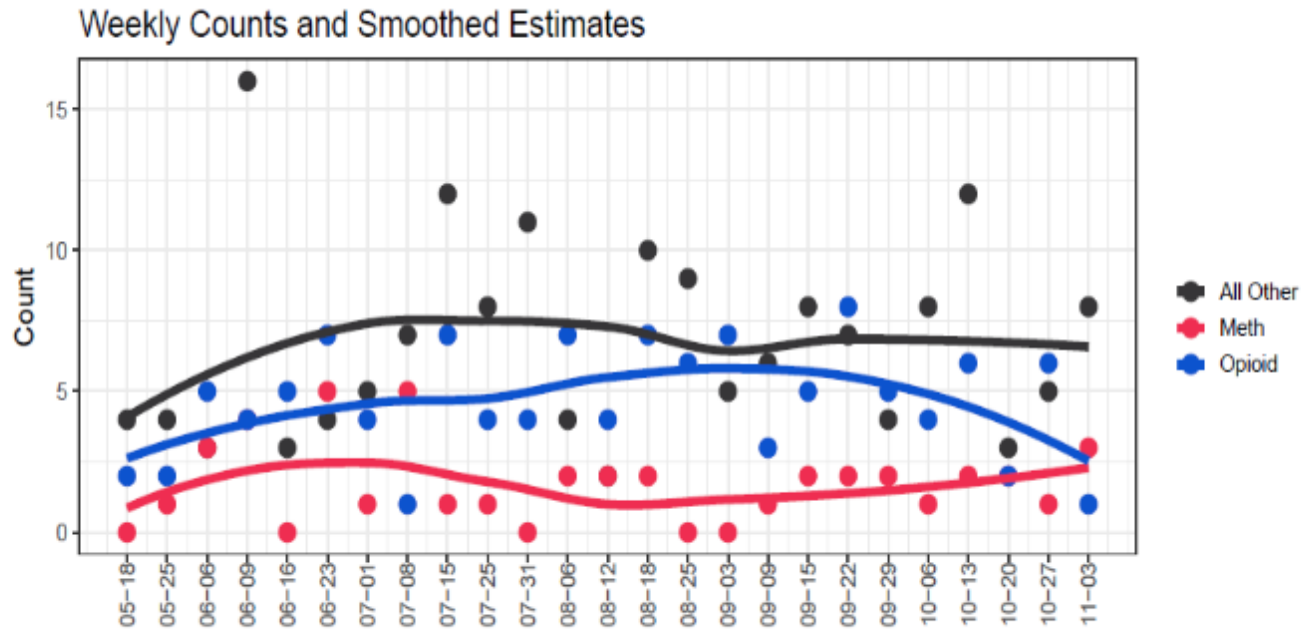


911 Data for Overdose Surveillance: Marin County Example

Opioid Related Events – Current Week



911 Data for Overdose Surveillance: Marin County Example



Lessons

- 911 data can be a useful tool for identifying overdose events
 - Identifiable data for outreach
 - Population level for trends and timely detection of clusters
- Naloxone administration by EMS does not equal opioid overdose
 - Lacks specificity
 - Lacks sensitivity
- Telephone outreach is feasible and seems to increase likelihood of follow up into treatment

Opioid Safety Strategies

Building a Healthy Coalition

Measurement & CQI

Sustainability Planning

Communicating for Impact



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